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NUEVITAS, CUBA, July 1, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended June 29, 1901:

Six vessels arrived at this port and 7 bills of health were issued. There was 1 death from pulmonary tuberculosis. There was no rain during the week and the weather was cooler. The sanitary condition is good. The local physicians say that malarial fever is more prevalent.

Puerto Padre.—Reports show the arrival of 8 vessels, 7 bills of health issued, 1 death from tuberculosis, and good sanitary condition.

Gibara.—Reports show the arrival of 11 vessels, the issuance of 10 bills of health, 1 death from cerebral softening, and good sanitary condition.

Baracoa.—Reports show the arrival of 6 vessels, the issuance of 7 bills of health, 3 deaths, and good sanitary condition.

No quarantinable disease is reported at any point in the district.

Respectfully, OWEN W. STONE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Santiago, Manzanillo, Guantanomo, and Daiquiri.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, June 21, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following report for the week ended June 15, 1901:

Santiago.—There was a total of 19 deaths reported during this period, making the annual mortality rate for the week 22.9 per 1,000. The causes of death were reported as follows: Fever, intermittent malarial, 3; la grippe, 1; tubercle of lungs, 1; tubercle of meninges of brain, 1; organic diseases of the heart, 1; diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years), 3; diarrhea and enteritis (2 years and over), 1; cirrhosis of the liver, 2; Bright's disease, 1; puerperal eclampsia, 1; congenital debility, 2; acute poisoning, 1; ill-defined causes of death, 1. Total, 19.

Nine vessels were inspected and passed on arrival and 2 vessels were passed without inspection. Eight vessels leaving this port were given bills of health. The provisional flag steamship *Julia* was disinfected June 15, 1901, prior to sailing for Porto Rico. Six immune and 34 non-immune certificates were issued to passengers leaving this port for the United States and Porto Rico. Their baggage was treated according to regulations and labeled accordingly.

Manzanillo.—Acting Asst. Surg. R. de Socarras reports a total of 4 deaths, making the annual rate of mortality for the week 14.38 per 1,000. The causes of deaths were: Diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years), 1; diarrhea and enteritis (2 years and over), 1; diseases of early infancy, 1; senile debility, 1. Total, 4.

Guantanamo.—Acting Asst. Surg. Luis Espin reports a total of 5 deaths, making the annual rate mortality 14.44 per 1,000 for the week. The following were the causes of deaths: Meningitis, 1; pneumonia, 1; diarrhea and enteritis (2 years and over), 2; dropsy, 1. Total, 5.

Daiquiri.—Nothing of interest reported.

Respectfully,

R. H. VON EZDORF,

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure.]

Report of treatment of passengers' baggage for the week ended June 15, 1901.—Port of Santiago de Cuba.

Date.	Name of vessel.	Disinfected and passed.								Inspected and passed.			
		Formaldehyd gas.				Steam.							
		Boxes.	Bundles.	Trunks.	Valises.	Boxes.	Bundles.	Trunks.	Valises.	Boxes.	Bundles.	Trunks.	Valises.
June 10	Steamship Mortera (baggage arrived from Havana).....	1	1	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
June 15	Prov. flag steamship Julia (baggage arrived from Havana).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	8	.....
Do....	Prov. flag steamship Julia (baggage destined for Porto Rico).....	.....	.....	5	36	7	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Total.....	1	1	2	2	5	36	7	4	.....	1	2	3

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, June 27, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following report for the week ended June 22, 1901:

Santiago.—During this period there was a total of 14 deaths reported, making the annual rate of mortality for the week 16.9 per 1,000. The following are the causes of deaths as reported:

Fever, intermittent malarial, 3; tubercle of lungs, 2; tubercle, abdominal, 1; rheumatism, acute, articular, 1; cerebral congestion and hemorrhage, 1; diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years), 3; Bright's disease, 1; fractures, 1; accidental traumatism, 1. Total, 14.

Ten vessels were inspected and passed on arrival; 3 vessels were passed without inspection and 1 transport was boarded. Bills of health were issued to 8 vessels leaving this port. Seventeen immune and 30 nonimmune certificates were issued to passengers leaving this port for the United States. All baggage was treated according to destination and so labeled.

Manzanillo.—Acting Asst. Surg. R. de Socarras reports a total of 5 deaths, due to the following causes: Tubercle, abdominal, 1; diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years), 1; diarrhea and enteritis (2 years and over), 1; affection of the liver, 1; hemorrhage, puerperal, 1. Total, 5. Annual rate mortality for the week, 18.05 per 1,000.

Guantanamo.—Acting Asst. Surg. Luis Espin reports a total of 8 deaths, due to the following causes: Tetanus, 1; bronchitis, acute, 1; diarrhea and enteritis (2 years and over), 6. Total, 8. Annual rate mortality for the week, 22.11 per 1,000.

Daiquiri.—Nothing of interest reported.

R. H. VON EZDORF,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

July 12, 1901

1600

[Inclosure.]

Report of treatment of passengers' baggage for the week ended June 22, 1901, for Santiago de Cuba.

Date.	Name of vessel.	Disinfected and passed.						Inspected and passed.		
		Formaldehyd gas.			Steam.					
		Boxes.	Bundles.	Trunks.	Boxes.	Bundles.	Trunks.	Boxes.	Bundles.	Trunks.
June 17	U. S. army transport Sedgwick (baggage destined for the United States)	1						1	6	3
June 18	Steamship Admiral Farragut							2	6	5
June 22	Steamship Santiago.....		1	1				5	31	21
	Total	1	1	1				6	2	29

Inspection of immigrants at Santiago during the week ended June 15, 1901.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, June 15, 1901.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended June 15, 1901:

June 11, provisional flag steamship *Tomas Brooks*, from Kingston, Jamaica, with 15 immigrants.

Respectfully,

R. H. VON EZDORF,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

ENGLAND.

Report from London—Plague at Cape Town.

LONDON, ENGLAND, June 22, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that the death rate of London fell for the week ended June 15 to 13.7 per 1,000, and that for the 33 great towns of England and Wales, to 15.2, both of which are remarkably low averages. There was no death reported from any quarantinable disease in Great Britain during the same period.

Regarding the plague at the cape, while the number of cases in Cape Town diminishes, there have been reported during the week 3 cases at Port Elizabeth, 2 at Maitland, and 1 at Simonstown. The total number of cases in Cape Town up to June 15 was 714, with 338 fatalities.

During the week ended June 13, 2 fatal cases of plague were reported in Mauritius.

In Egypt stringent measures are being adopted for the suppression of the plague, and £20,000 have been voted for that purpose. I have no information, however, as to the further spread of the disease in that country.

Respectfully,

A. R. THOMAS,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.